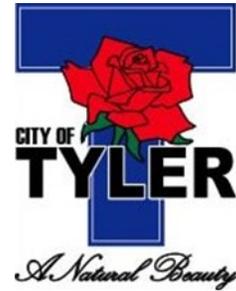




Fats, Oils and Grease can come from many different types of food and cooking

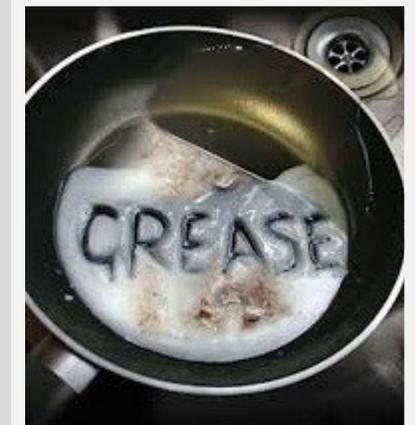
- ▶ Fat and grease residues left over from cooking meats.
- ▶ Used cooking oils from frying or sautéing foods.
- ▶ Butter and other dairy products.
- ▶ Any type of oily, greasy or fatty food scraps.



**For More Information,
Please Contact:**

Tyler Water Utilities
Stormwater Program
903-531-1239

▶ **Proper Disposal of Fats, Oils and Grease**



Stormwater Program



Preventing Sewer Backups is As Easy As 1, 2, 3...

1. Collect cooking oils in a disposable container and throw into a trash bin.



2. Scrape food scraps from dishes into trash cans or bags. Avoid using your garbage disposal.

3. Remove oil and grease from dishes, pans, fryers and griddles with a paper towel before washing.



Other Things You Can Do...

- ▶ Prewash dishes with cold water before putting them in the dishwasher.
- ▶ Don't rinse off grease or oils with hot water.
- ▶ Cover kitchen sinks with a catch basket or use strainers over sink drains to catch food wastes. Empty the baskets or strainers into the trash can as needed.
- ▶ Cover floor drains with fine screen and empty into trash cans as needed.



Never put fats, oils and grease down the drain.

When you put Fats, Oil and Grease down the drain or disposal, it clings to the sides of sewer pipes which can cause the following problems:

- ▶ It can plug your sewer service line causing sewage backups in your home. This can be hazardous to your health and can result in expensive cleaning and plumbing repair bills.
- ▶ It can plug your septic system or drain lines causing odors and/or sewage backups in your yard.
- ▶ It can plug sewer mains causing sewage backups in the street or in storm drains. This can be hazardous to the environment.

Keeping untreated wastewater inside the sewer pipes protects the health of your family and the quality of our drinking water.